

## HIGH CMR, 10 Mbps OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUT TYPE

### 5-PIN SOP (SO-5) PHOTOCOUPLER

-NEPOC Series-

### DESCRIPTION

The PS9117 is an optically coupled high-speed, active low type isolator containing a GaAlAs LED on the input side and a photodiode and a signal processing circuit on the output side on one chip.

The PS9117 is designed specifically for high common mode transient immunity (CMR) and low pulse width distortion. The PS9117 is suitable for high density application.

### FEATURES

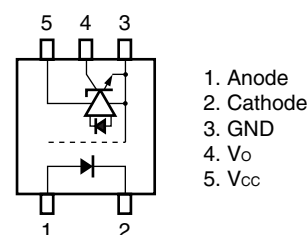
- Pulse width distortion ( $|t_{PHL} - t_{PLH}| = 35 \text{ ns MAX.}$ )
- High common mode transient immunity ( $CM_H, CM_L = \pm 15 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s MIN.}$ )
- Small package (SO-5)
- High-speed (10 Mbps)
- High isolation voltage ( $BV = 3\,750 \text{ Vr.m.s.}$ )
- Open collector output
- Ordering number of taping product: PS9117-F3, F4: 2 500 pcs/reel
- Pb-Free product
- Safety standards
  - UL approved: File No. E72422
  - DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2) approved No. 40008902 (Option)

### APPLICATIONS

- Measurement equipment
- PDP
- FA Network

### PIN CONNECTION

(Top View)

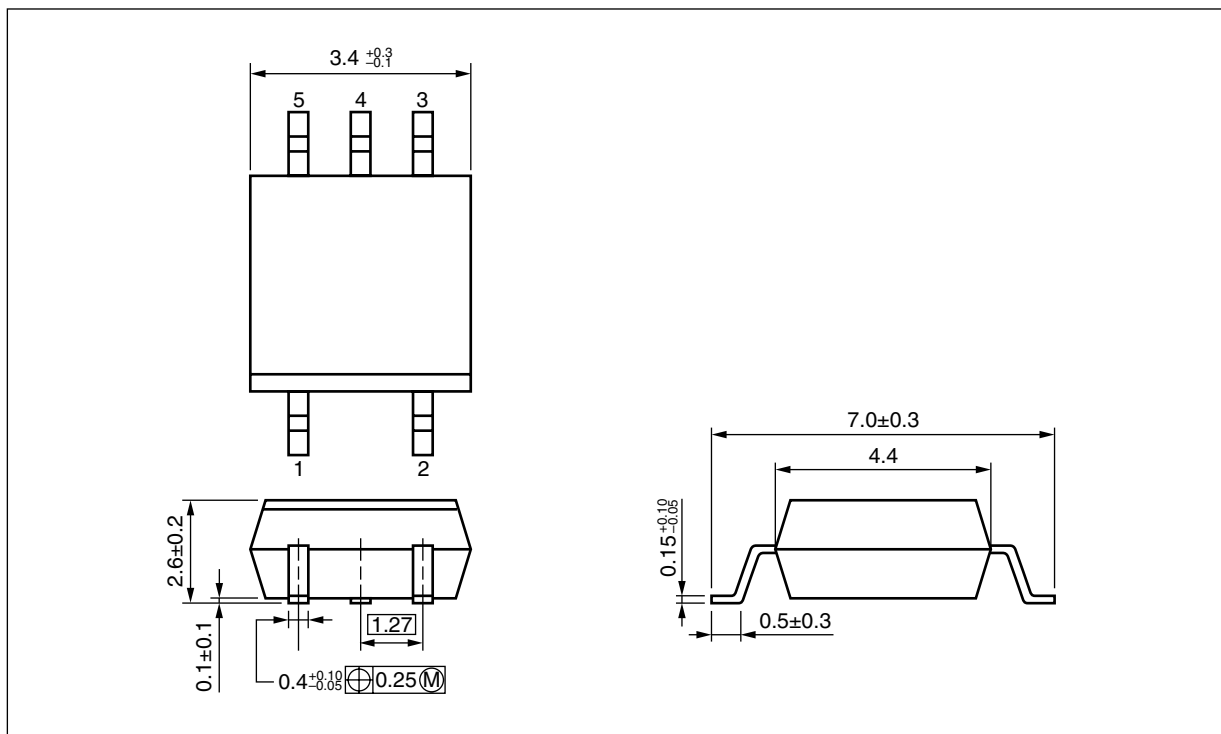


### TRUTH TABLE

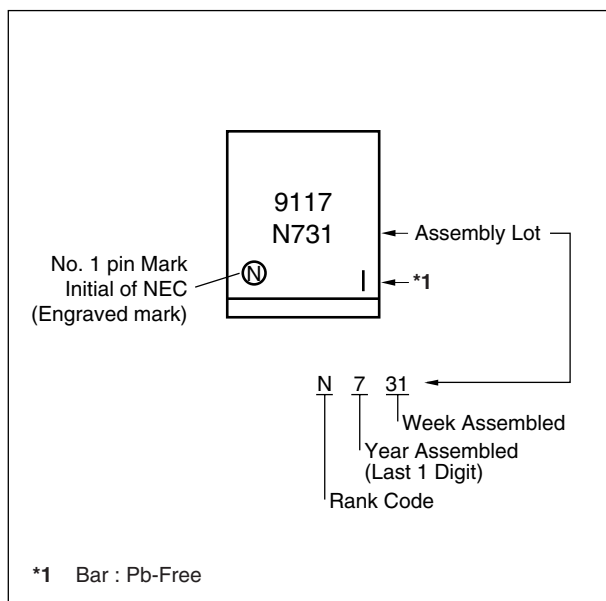
LED	Output
ON	L
OFF	H

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<R> PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



MARKING EXAMPLE



# ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standards Approval	Application Part Number <sup>*1</sup>
PS9117	PS9117-A	Pb-Free	20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)	UL approved	PS9117
PS9117-F3	PS9117-F3-A		Embossed Tape 2 500 pcs/reel		
PS9117-F4	PS9117-F4-A				
PS9117-V	PS9117-V-A		20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)	DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2) Approved (Option)	
PS9117-V-F3	PS9117-V-F3-A		Embossed Tape 2 500 pcs/reel		
PS9117-V-F4	PS9117-V-F4-A				

\*1 For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current <sup>*1</sup>	I <sub>F</sub>	30	mA
	Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Detector	Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	7	V
	Output Voltage	V <sub>O</sub>	7	V
	Output Current	I <sub>O</sub>	25	mA
	Power Dissipation <sup>*2</sup>	P <sub>C</sub>	40	mW
Isolation Voltage <sup>*3</sup>		BV	3 750	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		T <sub>A</sub>	−40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	−55 to +125	°C

<R>

\*1 Reduced to 0.3 mA/°C at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C or more.

\*2 Applies to output pin V<sub>O</sub> (collector pin). Reduced to 1.5 mW/°C at T<sub>A</sub> = 65°C or more.

\*3 AC voltage for 1 minute at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, RH = 60% between input and output.

Pins 1-2 shorted together, 3-5 shorted together.

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low Level Input Voltage	$V_{FL}$	0		0.8	V
High Level Input Current	$I_{FH}$	6.3	10	12.5	mA
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
TTL ( $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , loads)	N			5	
Pull-up Resistor	$R_L$	330		4 k	$\Omega$

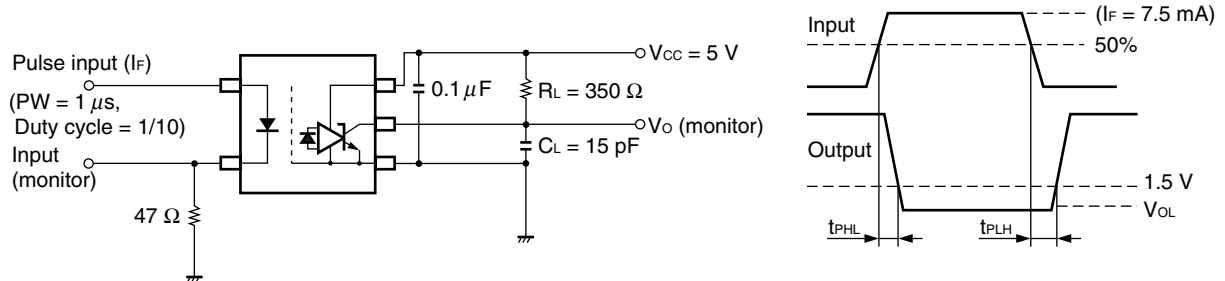
# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP. <sup>*1</sup>	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.4	1.65	1.8	V
	Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R = 3\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
	Terminal Capacitance	$C_i$	$V = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current	$I_{OH}$	$V_{CC} = V_O = 5.5\text{ V}$ , $V_F = 0.8\text{ V}$		1	100	$\mu\text{A}$
	Low Level Output Voltage <sup>*2</sup>	$V_{OL}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_F = 5\text{ mA}$ , $I_{OL} = 13\text{ mA}$		0.2	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	$I_{CCH}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_F = 0\text{ mA}$		5	8	mA
	Low Level Supply Current	$I_{CCL}$	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10\text{ mA}$		9	11	
Coupled	Threshold Input Current ( $H \rightarrow L$ )	$I_{FHL}$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $V_O = 0.8\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$		2	5	
	Isolation Resistance	$R_{I-O}$	$V_{I-O} = 1\text{ kV}_{DC}$ , $R_H = 40$ to $60\%$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$10^{11}$			$\Omega$
	Isolation Capacitance	$C_{I-O}$	$V = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.6		pF
	Propagation Delay Time ( $H \rightarrow L$ ) <sup>*3</sup>	$t_{PHL}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$ , $I_F = 7.5\text{ mA}$		35	75	ns
	Propagation Delay Time ( $L \rightarrow H$ ) <sup>*3</sup>	$t_{PLH}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$ , $I_F = 7.5\text{ mA}$		40	75	
	Rise Time	$t_r$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$ , $I_F = 7.5\text{ mA}$		20		
	Fall Time	$t_f$			5		
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD) <sup>*3</sup>	$ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $			5	35	
	Propagation Delay Skew	$t_{PSK}$				40	
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output <sup>*4</sup>	$CM_H$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_F = 0\text{ mA}$ , $V_O > 2\text{ V}$ , $V_{CM} = 1\text{ kV}$	15	20		kV/ $\mu\text{s}$
	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output <sup>*4</sup>	$CM_L$	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 350\text{ }\Omega$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_F = 7.5\text{ mA}$ , $V_O < 0.8\text{ V}$ , $V_{CM} = 1\text{ kV}$	15	20		kV/ $\mu\text{s}$

\*1 Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

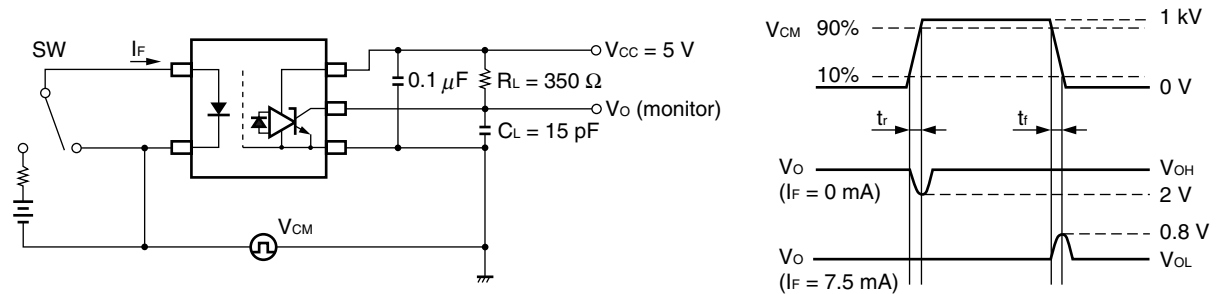
\*2 Because  $V_{OL}$  of 2 V or more may be output when LED current input and when output supply of  $V_{CC} = 2.6\text{ V}$  or less, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.

\*3 Test circuit for propagation delay time



**Remark**  $C_L$  includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

\*4 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity

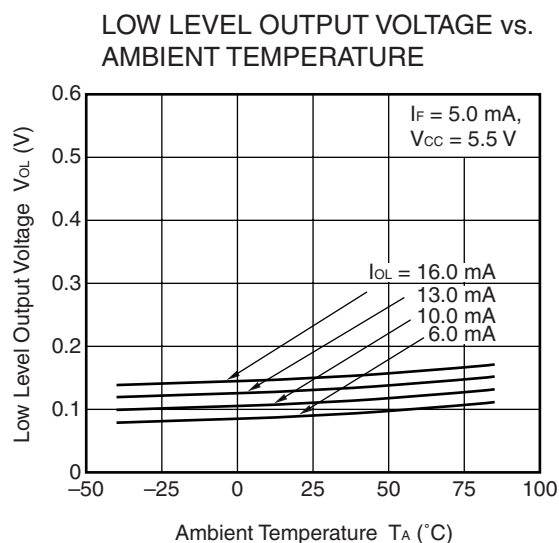
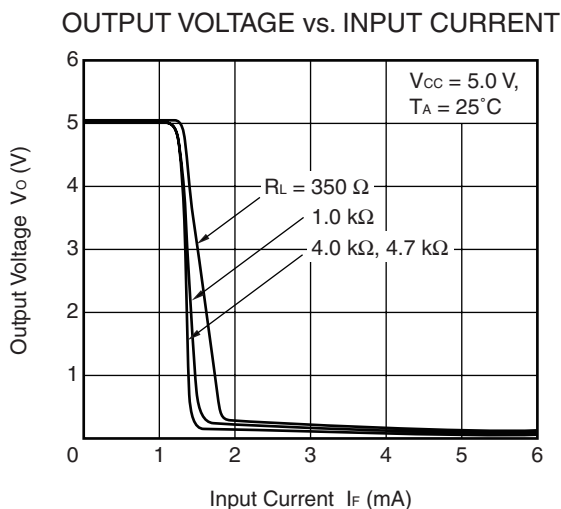
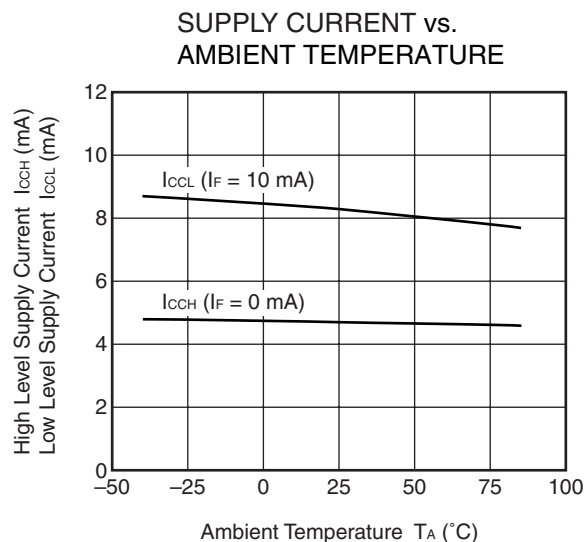
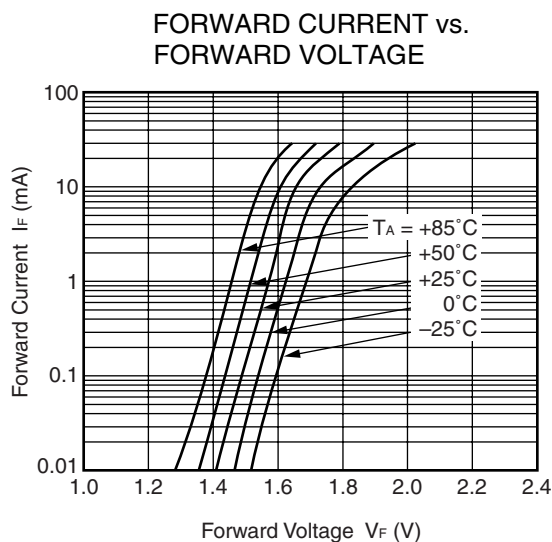
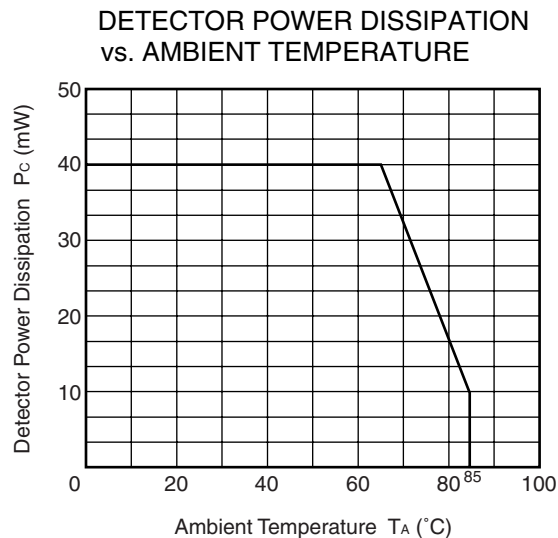
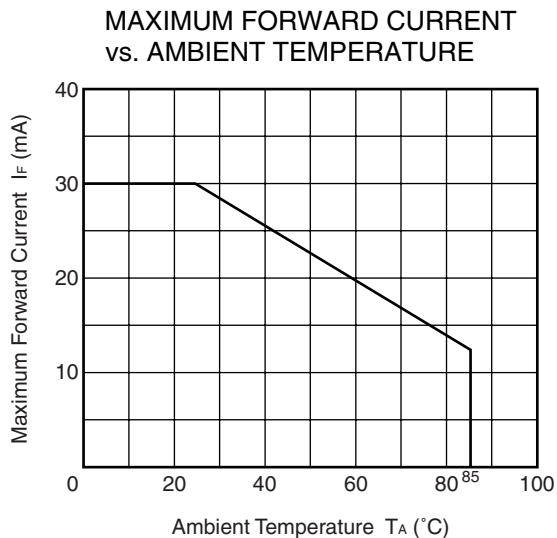


**Remark**  $C_L$  includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

## USAGE CAUTIONS

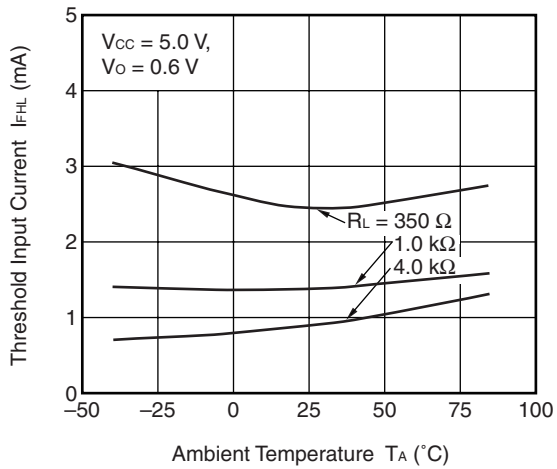
1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
2. By-pass capacitor of  $0.1\ \mu\text{F}$  is used between  $V_{CC}$  and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)**

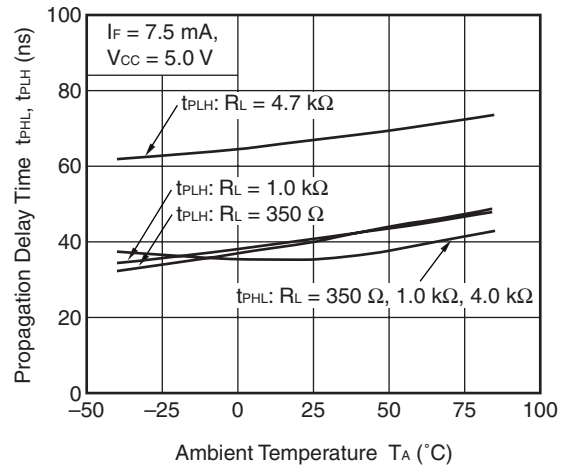


**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

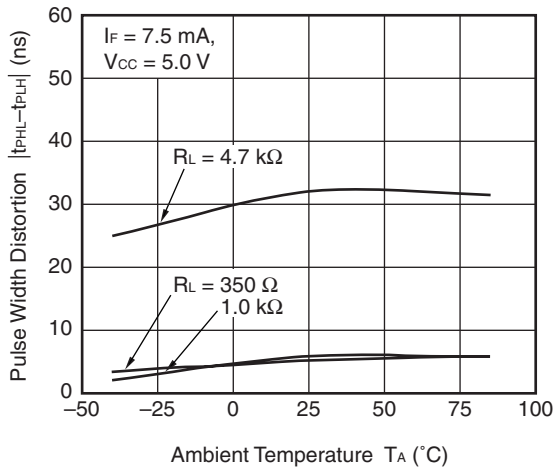
THRESHOLD INPUT CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



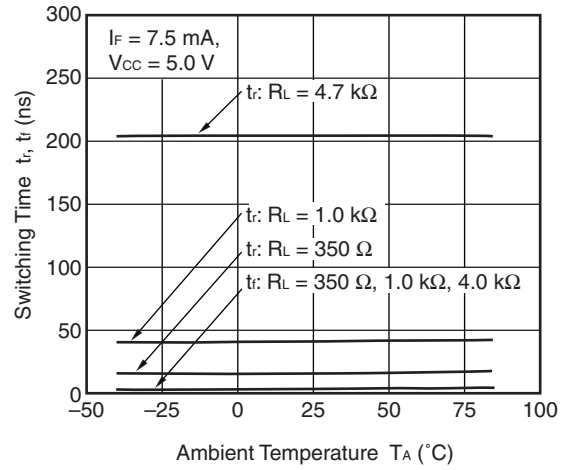
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



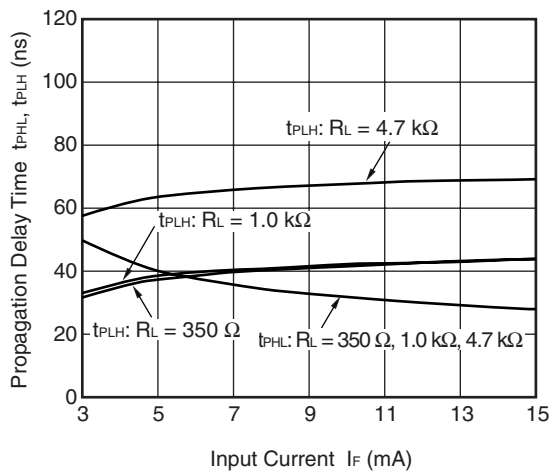
PULSE WIDTH DISTORTION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SWITCHING TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



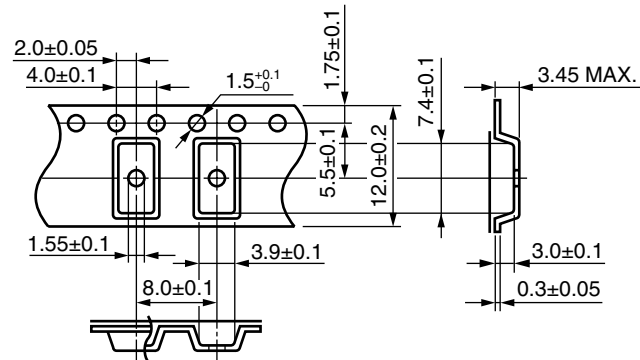
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME vs. INPUT CURRENT



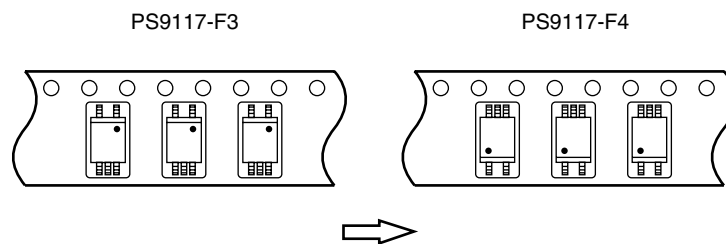
**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)

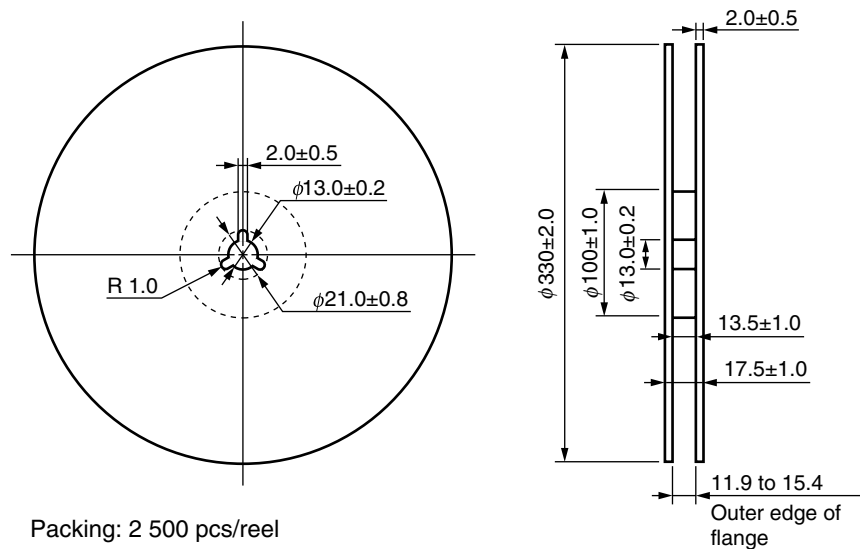
Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



Tape Direction



Outline and Dimensions (Reel)





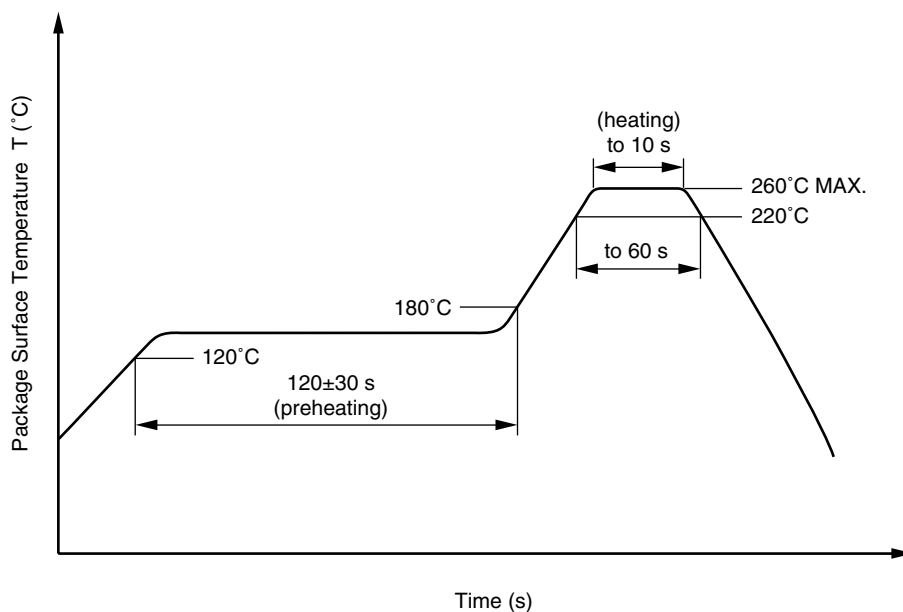
## NOTES ON HANDLING

### 1. Recommended soldering conditions

#### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

- Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less
- Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less
- Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s
- Number of reflows Three
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



#### (2) Wave soldering

- Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)
- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

#### (3) Soldering by Soldering Iron

- Peak Temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below
- Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C

**(4) Cautions**

- Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

**2. Cautions regarding noise**

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

**USAGE CAUTIONS**

1. Protect against static electricity when handling.
2. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

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M8E 02.11-1

<div>Caution</div>	GaAs Products	<p>This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs). GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.</li> </ul> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.</li> <li>2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.</li> </ol> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.</li> <li>• Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.</li> </ul>
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